

Rain Gardens Help Protect the Mississippi River

Rain gardens add beauty, protect water, and improve wildlife habitat.

Rain gardens are bowl-shaped gardens designed to soak up and clean rainwater to help protect our lakes and the Mississippi River. Rainwater and snowmelt soak into the ground, where native plant roots and soil microbes help break down pollutants. The roots anchor the soil in place to prevent erosion and help water seep deeper into the ground.

Native plants provide food and shelter for pollinators such as birds, bees, butterflies, and other wildlife. How many different types of wildlife do you see in our gardens today?



Build a Rain Garden

Our grant programs offer design and financial assistance to people interested in installing their own rain gardens and other clean water projects.

Water Disappears Quickly

Rain gardens soak up water in 48 hours. This isn't enough time for mosquitos to hatch.

Long Roots Soak Up Water

The roots of native plants can grow up to 15 feet. They help slow down and soak up polluted rainwater which protects our lakes and the Mississippi River.



SCAN FOR MORE INFORMATION



Escanea el código para más información
Yog xav paub ntxiv mus yees lub cim
Lambarka halkan mari si aad u aragto faahfaahin
မးဒံ (စကတ်) အိၤဒံသိးကဒီးန့ၢ်တၢ်ကစီၣ်ဂ့ၢ်ကျိၤအါထီၣ်အဂီၢ်တက့ၢ်

